



Math Virtual Learning

Probability and Statistics

April 16, 2020



Probability and Statistics
Lesson: April 16, 2020

Objective/Learning Target:

Students will be able to test whether a set of data is normal or not.
Day 2 Practice

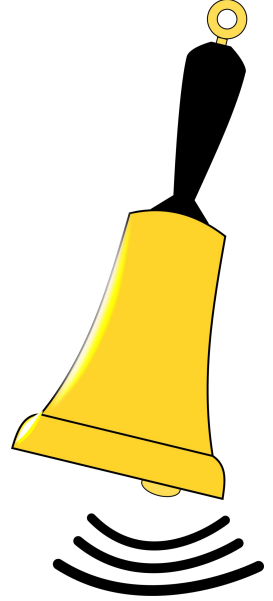
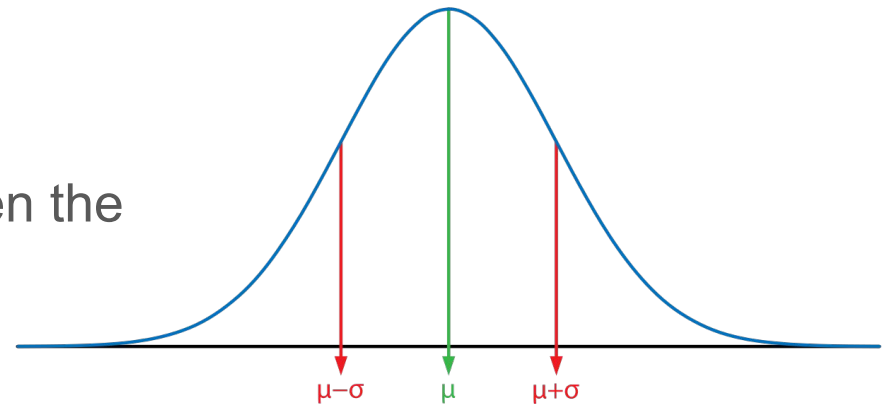
What 2 pieces of information do you need in order to create a Bell Curve to test normalcy?

- 1.
- 2.

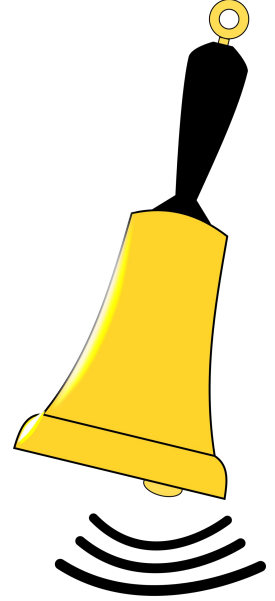
What represents the **green line**?

How do you get the numbers for the **red lines**?

What % of the data should be between the **red lines**?



What 2 pieces of information do you need in order to create a Bell Curve to test normalcy?



1. Mean

2. Sample Standard Deviation

What represents the **green line**?

Mean

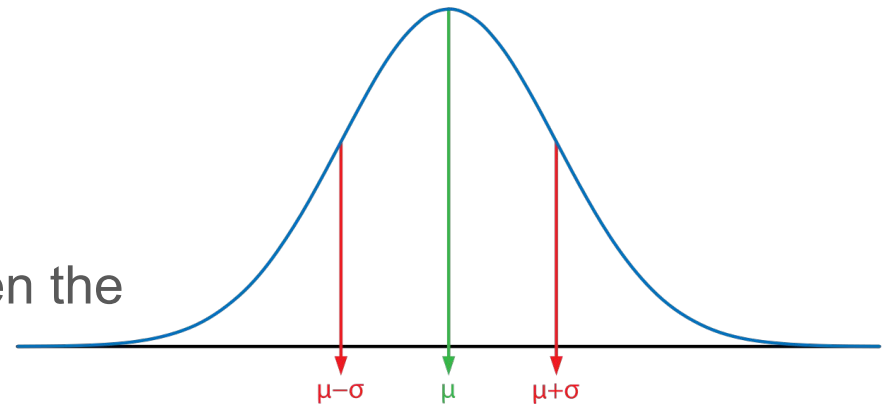
How do you get the numbers for the **red lines**?

Mean + Stand Dev

Mean - Stand Dev

What % of the data should be between the

red lines? 68% or higher



Recall this slide from the 4/15 lesson:

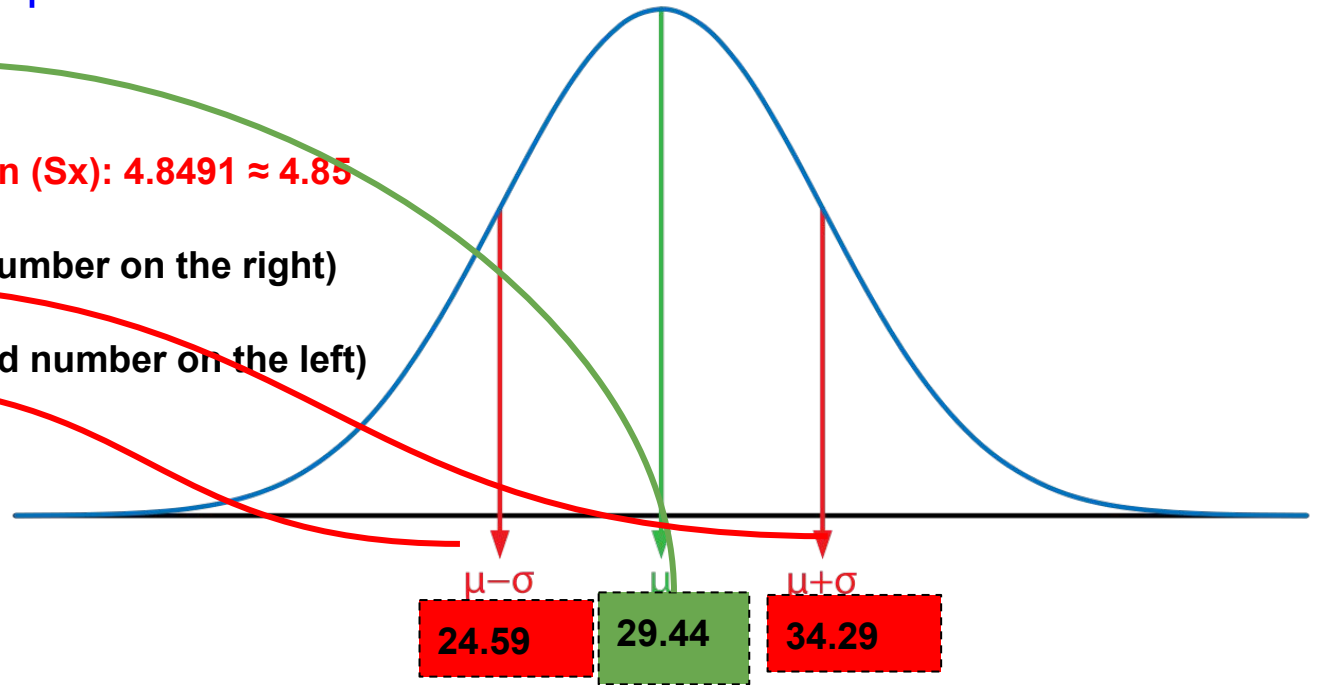
Step 2: Draw the graph and label it

Mean: $29.4355 \approx 29.44$

Sample Standard Deviation (S_x): $4.8491 \approx 4.85$

$29.44 + 4.85 = 34.29$ (red number on the right)

$29.44 - 4.85 = 24.59$ (the red number on the left)



Today you will be trying some on your own...

The following 4 slides each contain 1 scenario with data. For each slide: (remember that you can use [Desmos](#) for this, see 4/14 lesson for the how-to video on slide 7)

- Calculate the Mean
- Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation
- Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean
- Determine if the data is Normal or Not
- Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words

The data set below gives the prices (in dollars) of bluetooth speakers at an electronics store:

\$35, \$50, \$60, \$60, \$75, \$65, \$80

- 1. Calculate the Mean**
- 2. Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation**
- 3. Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean**
- 4. Determine if the data is Normal or Not**
- 5. Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words**

The data set below gives the prices (in dollars) of bluetooth speakers at an electronics store:

\$35, \$50, \$60, \$60, \$75, \$65, \$80

1. Calculate the Mean **60.71**
2. Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation **15.12**
3. Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean **45.59 - 75.83**
4. Determine if the data is Normal or Not **5 out of 7 numbers are in my range so $5 \div 7 \approx .71 = 71\%$ so YES the data is approximately normal.**
5. Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words **The average cost of a bluetooth speaker at this store is \$60.71. The majority of the prices, 71%, is within \$15.12 on either side (above or below) the avg.**

The data set below gives the numbers of home runs for the 10 batters who hit the most home runs during the 2005 Major League Baseball regular season: **51, 48, 47, 46, 45, 43, 41, 40, 40, 39**

- 1. Calculate the Mean**
- 2. Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation**
- 3. Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean**
- 4. Determine if the data is Normal or Not**
- 5. Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words**

The data set below gives the numbers of home runs for the 10 batters who hit the most home runs during the 2005 Major League Baseball regular season: **51, 48, 47, 46, 45, 43, 41, 40, 40, 39**

1. Calculate the Mean **44**
2. Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation **4.03**
3. Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean **39.97 - 48.03**
4. Determine if the data is Normal or Not **8 out of 10 numbers are in my range so $8 \div 10 \approx .80 = 80\%$ so YES the data is approximately normal.**
5. Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words **The average number of home runs for these 10 batters is 44. The majority of the home runs, 80%, are within 4 home runs on either either side (above or below) the avg**

The data set below gives the waiting times (in minutes) of several people at a local hospital's emergency room:

11, 7, 14, 2, 8, 13, 3, 6, 10, 3, 8, 4, 8, 4, 7

- 1. Calculate the Mean**
- 2. Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation**
- 3. Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean**
- 4. Determine if the data is Normal or Not**
- 5. Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words**

The data set below gives the waiting times (in minutes) of several people at a local hospital's emergency room:

11, 7, 14, 2, 8, 13, 3, 6, 10, 3, 8, 4, 8, 4, 7

1. Calculate the Mean **7.2**
2. Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation **3.67**
3. Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean **3.53 - 10.87**
4. Determine if the data is Normal or Not **9 out of 15 numbers are in my range so $9 \div 15 \approx .60 = 60\%$ so NO the data is NOT approximately normal.**
5. Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words **The average wait time at this hospital ER is 7.2 minutes. The wait time for 60% of the people falls between 3.53 - 10.87 minutes.**

The data set below gives the calories in a 1-ounce serving of several breakfast cereals:

135, 115, 120, 110, 110, 100, 105, 110, 125

- 1. Calculate the Mean**
- 2. Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation**
- 3. Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean**
- 4. Determine if the data is Normal or Not**
- 5. Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words**

The data set below gives the calories in a 1-ounce serving of several breakfast cereals:

135, 115, 120, 110, 110, 100, 105, 110, 125

1. Calculate the Mean **114.44**
2. Calculate the Sample Standard Deviation **10.74**
3. Calculate the Range of 1 Stand Dev on each side of the Mean **103.7 - 125.18**
4. Determine if the data is Normal or Not **7 out of 9 numbers are in my range so $7 \div 9 \approx .77 = 77\%$ so YES the data is approximately normal.**
5. Describe the Mean and the Sample Standard Deviation in words **The average number of calories in a 1-ounce serving of these cereal brands is 114.44. The calories of these brands are within 10.74 calories of the average, either above or below.**